Powell GIS™ Type G81 Switchgear

Application Guide for Powell GIS IEC Switchgear
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

**Introduction** 1

**Switchgear Design** 2
   - Standards 2
   - Normal Operating Conditions 2
   - Environmental Conditions 2
   - Degree of Protection 2
   - General Description 3
   - Section Design and Compartments 3
   - Low Voltage Compartment 3

**Vacuum Circuit Breaker** 4
   - General 4
   - Classification 5
   - Control and Auxiliary Circuit 5
   - Interlocking 5
   - Switchgear Accessories 5

**Ratings** 6

**Section Component Identification** 7

**Typical Section Views** 8

**Guide Specification** 10

**Contact Us** 16
INTRODUCTION

A POWELL PROVEN SOLUTION

Powell GIS Type G81 switchgear combines proven GIS design with Powell superior technical integration capabilities. The factory assembled GIS switchgear can be incorporated into any of Powell’s integrated turn-key solutions. This includes all switchgear engineering design, integration, control and monitoring capabilities. World class GIS custom-engineered switchgear complimented by Powell’s proven project management and support will continue to deliver a safe and reliable operation under the most critical service conditions. We can meet your most demanding requirements.

COMPACT, SAFE AND CLIMATE INDEPENDENT

By combining SF₆ gas insulation, vacuum interrupter technology and arc-resistant design; the Powell GIS solution extends safety for equipment and personnel to a maximum. All live parts are enclosed within SF₆ gas at the factory during the manufacturing process, eliminating the need for gas handling during installation and commissioning. With all current-carrying parts sealed in a laser-welded compartments, your project receives the benefit of a compact, space-saving design and equipment with a low maintenance requirement.
SWITCHGEAR DESIGN

STANDARDS

Powell GIS™ Type G81 switchgear is manufactured and has been design tested to following IEC standards.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Degree of Protection</th>
<th>SF₆ Gas</th>
<th>Insulation Transformer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Switchgear</td>
<td>Powell GIS</td>
<td>IEC 60529</td>
<td>Current Transformer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Circuit Breaker</td>
<td>IEC 62271-100</td>
<td>IEC 60376</td>
<td>Voltage Transformer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Position Switch</td>
<td>IEC 62271-102</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse Combination Switch</td>
<td>IEC 62271-105</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DEGREE OF PROTECTION

Protection against entry of hazardous parts and water according to the IEC 62271-200 and IEC 60529 following degree of protection.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>High Voltage Live Parts</th>
<th>Low Voltage Compartment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP65</td>
<td>IP4X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dust-tight and protected against water jet</td>
<td>Protected for a diameter or strips of a thickness greater than 1.0 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The switchgear is an indoor gas-insulated and metal-enclosed 3-phase cubicle design with segregated SF₆ insulated compartments for circuit breaker and bus systems. Configurations are available with single or double bus systems. It is suitable for local and remote control.

The high voltage elements consist of two or three gas-tight stainless steel tanks (SUS 304L), built as a sealed pressure system. Each of the gas compartments has a filling valve, gas monitoring by means of a pressure sensor, and its own pressure relief system.

With non bolted plug-in bus bar connections, Powell GIS does not require any handling of SF₆ gas at the jobsite. The power cables enter from the bottom and connect to the switchgear by means of plug-in connectors. An optional test socket is available for cable testing and current and voltage injection. The cable compartment has a pressure relief system leading to the pressure relief duct.

The switchgear is designed for a maximum leakage rate of 0.1% per year. The gas tanks are constructed utilizing state-of-the art manufacturing techniques out of laser cut and welded stainless steel.

The operation safety and insulation properties (power frequency voltage and BIL) are still maintained even in case the gas drops to atmospheric pressure at sea level.

NORMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

The rated current is based on the normal operating conditions for indoor switchgear with an ambient temperature range from -5 °C to +40 °C.

If the ambient temperature is higher than +40 °C, the permissible current is different from the rated current (please consult factory for appropriate derating details). However, the maximum ambient temperature should not be higher than +55 °C.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

All live parts in the circuit breaker and bus bar compartments are sealed by gas-tight enclosure of IP65. These compartments are safe to touch and suitable for applications under aggressive ambient conditions such as salt, humidity, dust and condensation. The compartment design provides protection from small animals.

SF₆ gas is a non-flammable, non-toxic and a non-ozone depleting insulating medium.
GENERAL DESCRIPTION (CONT.)

For operator safety the switchgear has an active and passive protection system against internal faults in each partitioned gas compartment.

The passive safety section ensures that hot gases generated in the vent of an internal arc fault are directed via pressure relief disks from each SF₆ compartment and into the pressure relief duct system. The pressure relief duct is guided outside of the building or vented to an area to prevent harm to personnel. This maximizes safety to personnel and risk of fire. Switchgear gas tank components have been type tested to IEC 62271-200, IAC class BFLR at 40kA, 1s.

The temperature-compensated sensors for pressure measurement are used to continuously monitor the SF₆ gas tank compartment pressure. These sensors provide operator warning in the event of pressures outside the normal operating window.

The high voltage switchgear components do not require maintenance for the life of the equipment when applied under normal operating conditions. The circuit breaker drive mechanisms are accessible for inspection and maintenance and do not require opening any portion of the gas enclosed components.

Pressure relief duct must be provided for all high voltage SF₆ gas filled compartments. This duct may not utilize the cable connection space or be vented below the switchgear through a false floor or similar design.

SECTION DESIGN AND COMPARTMENTS

The switchgear sections are divided into the following compartments:
1. Core sealed SF₆ gas compartment containing vacuum circuit breaker, current transformers and current/voltage sensors.
2. Bus sealed SF₆ gas compartment with built-in 2 or 3 position switches.
3. Open air cable termination compartment including provisions for conventional voltage transformer plug-in connection.
4. Open air low voltage compartment to house secondary control devices, meters, relays and other monitoring equipment.

LOW VOLTAGE COMPARTMENT

The low voltage compartment is a self-contained assembly and all operating mechanisms are motorized. Manual emergency operation and mechanical position indicators are provided. Normal operation such as switching, reading of measurements and messaging is possible without special instruction or operator training.

The low voltage compartment can also contain a custom-engineered Powell Automation control and monitoring solution designed specifically to meet your application.

Powell provides custom-engineered automation solutions ranging from transfer schemes to power management and load-shed applications. Our proven experience includes oil and gas production, refineries, power generation, mining, and data centers. Around the world today, varying degrees of control and monitoring philosophies are rapidly being implemented. Our experience and application knowledge of intelligent electronic devices (IEDs) and networking solutions allows us to engineer a modern, open architecture system for your control and monitoring needs.

Powell also provides embedded resources to ensure a successful project integration and delivery. Contact our application team today!
VACUUM CIRCUIT BREAKER

GENERAL

The circuit breakers are three-pole vacuum interrupter type and comply with IEC Publication 62271-100.

Within the core gas compartment the vacuum circuit breaker is stationary mounted. Type test certificates can be supplied upon request.

The high voltage part of the circuit breaker is maintenance-free for life time under normal operating conditions as specified by IEC 60694. The circuit breaker drive mechanism does require periodic maintenance and is accessible from the front of the switchgear without having to enter or depressurize any SF$_6$ gas filled compartment. First maintenance interval occurs after 10 years service.

All circuit breakers are subjected to routine testing in accordance with IEC 62271-100.

The circuit breaker is equipped as follows:
1. Stored energy spring mechanism for motor charging and emergency manual operation
2. Mechanical push buttons for closing and opening
3. Mechanical indicators for switch position and mechanism position
4. Mechanical operations counter
5. Shunt release OFF
6. Shunt release ON
7. Switch positions are determined by wear and tear free proximity sensors.

The vacuum interrupters retain high dielectric strength and short-circuit breaking capability with a vacuum of 10$^{-7}$ mbar. They are mounted rigidly so as to be able to withstand the forces generated by switching operation and contact pressure. The operating mechanism is motor-charged, spring stored-energy type and consists of a charging mechanism, closing spring, trip spring, motor, solenoids, auxiliary switches, spring-charged indicator and on/off indicator. The released closing spring is automatically recharged by the charging motor and capable of the operating sequence open-close-open which is required when unsuccessful auto-reclosing operation is attempted.

1 - Close/Open Indicator
2 - Manual Open Pushbutton
3 - Manual Close Pushbutton
4 - Operations Counter
5 - Hole for Manual Charging
6 - Spring Charge Indicator
7 - Charging Mechanism
8 - Closing Spring
9 - Trip Spring
10 - Contact Pressure Spring
11 - Tripping Coil (Y1)
12 - Closing Coil (Y9)
13 - Auxiliary Switch (S1)
14 - Motor (M1)
15 - Vacuum Interrupter
16 - VI Housing
17 - Mechanism Housing
CLASSIFICATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>M2</th>
<th>10,000 times with minimal maintenance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electrical</td>
<td>E2</td>
<td>No maintenance of the interrupting parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capacitive Current</td>
<td>C2</td>
<td>Very low probability of re-strike</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type G81 Circuit</td>
<td>S2</td>
<td>Used in cable and line systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breaker Class</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SWITCHGEAR ACCESSORIES

The following Switchgear accessories are provided for each switchgear assembly:

1. Handle for disconnector mechanism
2. Handle for grounding switch mechanism
3. Hand crank for circuit breaker manual charge
4. Padlockable pushbutton cover for disconnector, ground switch, and circuit breaker

CONTROL AND AUXILIARY CIRCUIT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Circuit Element</th>
<th>Characteristics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Charging Motor</td>
<td>500 VA at DC 110V / 220V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closing Coil</td>
<td>150 VA at DC 110V / 220V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opening Coil</td>
<td>300 VA at DC 110V / 220V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auxiliary Contact</td>
<td>6NO, 6NC or 10NO,10NC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

INTERLOCKING

In order to ensure proper operation and maximize safety, a series of interlocks is provided to protect the operators and the switchgear.

The protection against improper operation is accomplished electrically or by software in case of a multifunctional control and protection unit.

The following interlocking dependencies are provided:

1. Limit position blocking of the switching devices.
2. Interdependence of disconnector and earthing switch in the same panel.
3. Interdependence of the disconnector and the circuit breaker in the same panel.
4. Interdependence of the circuit breaker and the earthing switch in the same panel.
5. Dependence of the disconnector on the bus coupler circuit breaker and vice versa.
RATINGS

The Type G81 switchgear is designed for use up to 36kV for single or double bus according to IEC 62771-200.

Type of available panels:

- Incoming/outgoing feeder
- Bus section and bus riser
- Bus coupler
- Bus VT panel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rated Voltage (kV)</td>
<td>up to 36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Frequency Withstand Voltage (kV)</td>
<td>up to 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lightning Impulse Withstand Voltage (kV)</td>
<td>up to 170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated Frequency (Hz)</td>
<td>50 / 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Current (A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main Bus</td>
<td>≤ 3150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feeder</td>
<td>630/1250 / 2000 / 2500 / 3150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated Short Time Withstand Current, 3s (kA)</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated Peak Withstand Current (kA, peak)</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated Short Circuit Breaking Current (kA)</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated Short Circuit Making Current (kA)</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated Operating Sequence</td>
<td>O-0.3s-CO--15s-CO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closing Time (ms)</td>
<td>≤ 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opening Time (ms)</td>
<td>≤ 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breaking Time (cycles)</td>
<td>3, 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auxiliary Voltage (V)</td>
<td>DC110 / 125¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insulation Gas</td>
<td>SF₆</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated Pressure at 20 °C (bar)</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Operating Pressure at 20 °C (bar)</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arc Classification</td>
<td>BFLR, 40kA / 1s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus Bar System</td>
<td>Single / Double</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size (inches/mm)²</th>
<th>Width (W)</th>
<th>Height (H)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>≤ 1250A</td>
<td>23.6/600, 31.5/800³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>≥ 2000A</td>
<td>31.5/800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Depth (D)</td>
<td>69.3/1760, 77.2/1960⁴</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Height (H)</td>
<td>94.5/2400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1 - The auxiliary voltage can be changed on request.
2 - The size of actual panel can be different according to the rating, quantity and arrangement of components.
3 - Width of the panel when voltage transformer is installed.
4 - Depth of the panel can increase according to the numbers and size of components in low voltage compartment.
SECTION COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION

SINGLE BUS CROSS SECTION

a. Main Bus  g. Circuit Breaker Mechanism
b. Position Switch  h. Current Transformer (Block Type)
c. 3-Position Switch Mechanism  i. Inner Cone Socket
d. Bushing  j. Surge Arrester
e. Vacuum Interrupter  k. Zero Sequence Current Transformer
f. Rupture Disc
TYPICAL SECTION VIEWS

Single Bus - Incoming Section

Double Bus - Incoming Section

Single Bus - Incoming Section with Line Side Disconnect

Double Bus - Incoming Section with Line Side Disconnect

Single Bus Bus Tie

Double Bus Bus Coupler
1.0 General

1.1 The intent of this specification is to have the manufacturer furnish the equipment and material specified herein complete and operable.

1.2 All standard accessories to the equipment specified shall be supplied even if not specifically mentioned in this specification.

1.3 Material used in the fabrication of the specified equipment shall be new, unused, and of the highest quality available.

2.0 Scope

2.1 Work Included

2.1.1 Furnish gas insulated switchgear as detailed in these specifications. Any drawings or data sheets attached to the inquiry shall be considered part of this specification. The equipment shall be complete and operable.

2.1.2 Provide production tests and inspections as detailed in this specification.

2.1.3 To reasonably prevent the possibility of shipping damage, the manufacturer shall prepare the equipment for transportation to the jobsite and monitor the load out of this material.

2.1.4 It shall be the responsibility of the manufacturer to furnish all material, connections, splices, links, special tools, and information required to completely reassemble the switchgear in the field or to facilitate the installation of the switchgear when performed by an electrical contractor.

2.1.5 Guarantee the performance of the switchgear during a reasonable warranty period. This warranty shall, at a minimum, cover the equipment for eighteen (18) months from time of shipment or twelve (12) months from date of energization whichever occurs first.

2.1.6 Supply all drawings, documentation, and information as detailed.

2.2 Work Not Included

2.2.1 Field installation of switchgear, unless otherwise specified.

2.2.2 Connection of incoming cables or bus.

2.2.3 Connection of outgoing branch feeder cables or bus.

2.2.4 Connection of external control cables or wiring.

2.2.5 Supply or installation of the required pressure relief duct system for the safe venting of gases generated during an internal arc fault.

3.0 Codes, Standards and Classifications

The applicable codes and standards listed below should be considered as part of this specification. The latest revision in effect at time of inquiry shall apply for all standards referenced.

3.1 Switchgear

3.1.1 IEC 62271-1 High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 1: Common specifications

3.1.2 IEC 62271-200 High-voltage switchgear and controlgear Part 200: AC metal-enclosed switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1kV and up to and including 52kV

3.2 Circuit Breaker

3.2.1 IEC 62271-100 High-voltage switchgear and controlgear Part 100: High-voltage alternating current circuit breaker

3.3 Instrument Transformers

3.3.1 IEC 61869-1 Instrument transformers – Part 1: General requirements

3.3.2 IEC 61869-2 Instrument transformers – Part 2: Additional requirements for current transformers

3.3.3 IEC 61869-3 Instrument transformers-Part 3: Additional requirements for inductive voltage transformers

3.4 Disconnector and Earthing Switch

3.4.1 IEC 62271-102 High-Voltage Switchgear and Controlgear Part 102: Alternating current disconnectors and earthing switches

3.5 Classifications to IEC 62271-200

3.5.1 Partition Class: PM

3.5.2 Loss of Service Continuity Category

3.5.2.1 LSC No classification due to gas-filled compartments

3.5.2.2 LSC2B Cable termination compartments
3.5.2.3 Classification IAC BLFR 40kA, 1s with pressure relief duct and absorber or discharge into open air
3.6 It shall be the manufacturer's responsibility to be knowledgeable of these standards and codes.

4.0 Design Criteria
4.1 Rated Normal Currents – The rated normal currents of components shall be valid for 40°C.
4.2 Temperature Limits and Environments – Environmental conditions according to VDE and IEC.
4.2.1 Maximum Ambient Temperature 40°C
4.2.2 Minimum Ambient Temperature -5°C (corresponds to minus 5°C indoor class)
4.2.3 Maximum Relative Humidity 90%
4.2.4 The equipment shall be suitable for installation and service at an altitude not exceeding 1000 meters above mean sea level.

5.0 Design Parameters
5.1 The equipment shall be designed for a rated maximum voltage of 36kV
5.2 The equipment shall have a nominal system voltage not to exceed 33kV
5.3 The equipment shall have a Rated Power Frequency Withstand Voltage of 80kV
5.4 The equipment shall have a Rated Lightning Impulse Withstand Voltage of 170kV
5.5 The equipment shall be rated for 50/60Hz
5.6 The main power bus bar current rating of 3150A or less.
5.7 The equipment shall have a rated short-time withstand current of 40kA for 3 seconds
5.8 The equipment shall have a rated peak withstand current of 104kA
5.9 The rated operating sequence shall be O-0.3s-CO-3min-CO or O-0.3s-CO-15s-CO
5.10 The insulating gas shall be SF₆
5.11 The Degree of Protection for the high-voltage live parts shall be IP65
5.12 The Degree of Protection for the low-voltage compartment shall be IP4X
5.13 The equipment shall be internal arc resistance accessibility Type BFLR and contain pressure relief ducts

6.0 Basic Construction
6.1 The switchgear shall be an indoor gas-insulated and metal-enclosed 3-phase design with segregated SF₆ insulated compartments for circuit breaker and bus bar systems.
6.2 The switchgear shall be designed to ensure optimum continuity, reliability of supply and safety of operation.
6.3 The high-voltage section shall consist of gas-tight stainless steel tanks built as a sealed pressure system. Each of these gas compartments shall have a filling valve, gas density monitoring pressure sensor and a pressure relief system.
6.4 The bus bar connections between each switchgear section will be non-bolted plug-in type. No gas filling shall be required for onsite assembly.
6.5 The power cables shall enter the bottom and connect by plug-in connectors.
6.6 The cable compartment shall have a pressure relief system leading to the pressure relief duct.
6.7 The switchgear gas compartment leakage rate shall be less than 0.1% per year.
6.8 All high-voltage parts with the exception of cable plugs will be located within SF₆ gas filled enclosure.
6.9 Operational safety and insulating properties shall be maintained as long as the SF₆ gas is at sea-level atmospheric pressure or greater.
6.10 The switchgear shall contain a passive protection system against internal arc faults in each partitioned compartment in order to maximize operator safety.
6.11 The passive safety section shall ensure that hot gases are guided via pressure relief disks from each SF₆ filled compartment. The pressure relief duct ends must be guided to a vented area for personnel safety.
6.12 Temperature-compensated sensors for pressure measurement shall continually monitor each gas compartment.
6.13 The high-voltage compartments shall be maintenance free for the lifetime of the equipment as long as operated within normal service conditions
GUIDE SPECIFICATION (cont.)

6.14 Compartments
6.14.1 SF₆ Gas Compartments, each section shall have:
6.14.1.1 Core module with built in vacuum circuit breaker and current transformers or sensors.
6.14.1.2 Bus bar modules with built in 2 or 3 position switches.
6.14.2 Air Compartments
6.14.2.1 Cable termination compartment including provisions for conventional voltage transformer plug in connection.
6.14.2.2 Low voltage compartment including built in switch drives and secondary control components. It shall be a self-contained unit with an access door and incorporated into the switchgear section. All operating mechanisms will be motorized. Manual emergency operation and mechanical position indicators will be provided.

6.15 Bus Bars
6.15.1 Main bus bars shall be high conductivity copper, uninsulated and silver plated at connection areas.
6.15.2 Ground bus bars shall be uninsulated, unplated copper.

6.16 Control and Secondary Wiring
6.16.1 Control and Secondary Wiring Supplied Integral to the High Voltage, Bus Bar and Circuit Breaker Sealed Tanks
6.16.1.1 DC control wiring shall be Type XHHW, Class 5 flexible conductor, 1.5mm².
6.16.1.2 AC control wire shall be Type XHHW, Class 5 flexible conductor, 2.5mm².
6.16.1.3 PT secondary wiring shall be Type XHHW, Class 5 flexible conductor, 4.0mm².
6.16.1.4 CT secondary wiring shall be Type XHHW, Class 5 flexible conductor, 4.0mm².
6.16.1.5 Ground wiring shall be Type XHHW, Class 5 flexible conductor, 6.0mm².
6.16.2 Interface Between Integral and External Secondary Wiring
6.16.2.1 All integral control and secondary wiring shall be terminated on to terminal blocks, shorting type in the case of CT wiring.
6.16.3 Control and Secondary Wiring External to the Sealed Tanks
6.16.3.1 Control wiring shall be SIS type #14 AWG, 41 strand extra flexible, stranded copper or larger.
6.16.3.2 Current transformer secondary wiring shall be SIS type #12 AWG, 65 strand, extra flexible, stranded copper or larger with braided metallic armor covering.
6.16.3.3 Current transformer secondary wiring shall terminate on shorting type terminal blocks.
6.16.3.4 All control wiring shall be UL listed and have a VW-1 flame retardant rating.
6.16.3.5 Exposed wiring shall be suitably protected against contact with sharp edges. Throughout the assembly it must be neatly bundled and secured with nylon wire ties. Where control wiring passes from cubicle to door it must be wrapped with suitable protection so as to prevent damage. Holes cut to allow control wires to pass from cubicle to cubicle will have a grommet for protection.
6.16.3.6 Splicing of control wire is not permitted. Control wiring must be a continuous length from terminal to terminal.
6.16.3.7 Each control wire shall be marked at both terminations to agree with wiring diagrams. Plastic wire markers of either the slip on or heat shrink variety shall be provided.
6.16.3.8 Control wires leaving the cubicle of origin must first terminate on a terminal block. No control wire may leave a cubicle directly from any other device.
6.16.3.9 Control wire tags shall follow ‘Destination Method’ and must match the drawings.
6.16.3.10 Where possible, a minimum of 10% spare terminals shall be provided in each cubicle.

6.17 Meters, Switches, and Relays
6.17.1 Indicating meters shall be three phase large digital display type visible 6 feet away from the front of the lineup and require minimum operator interface.
6.17.2 Control switches shall be rotary cam type with engraved face plates.
6.17.3 Ammeter and voltmeter transfer switches shall have an off position and shall be provided with knurled knob handles.
6.17.4 Selector type control switches (Auto-Manual or Hand-Off-Auto) shall have oval handles.

6.17.5 Protective relays shall be switchboard drawout type with removable dust tight viewing covers, front accessible connection plugs, built-in test capability, and mechanical targets that may be externally reset. Other electronic or multi-function relays may be specified for particular applications.

6.17.6 Current and voltage test switches for field monitoring and maintenance shall be provided when specified.

6.17.7 Indicating lights shall be provided as shown on the control schemes. Lamps shall be replaceable from the front of the switchgear without opening the cubicle door.

6.18 Nameplates

6.18.1 Laminated plastic engraved nameplates shall be provided.

6.18.2 Identification nameplates shall be white with black letters, caution nameplates shall be yellow with black letters, and warning nameplates shall be red with white letters.

6.18.3 Each externally visible device or component shall have an identification nameplate. Lettering shall be, at a minimum, 5/32 inches in height.

6.18.4 Each internal device or component shall have an identification marking.

6.18.5 A single large permanent metal nameplate shall identify the sales order No, switchgear ratings and date and place of manufacture.

6.19 Finish

6.19.1 All non stainless steel members shall be cleaned, rinsed and phosphatized prior to finishing.

6.19.2 Coating process shall be an electrostatically applied polyester powder with a final baked on average thickness between 1.5 and 2.0 mils.

6.19.3 Interior instrument compartments shall be White finish for enhanced visibility.

6.19.4 All internal parts shall be painted for corrosion protection, no bare parts allowed.

6.19.5 Standard exterior finish will be light gray.

7.0 Circuit Breakers

7.1 The circuit breakers shall be vacuum type and comply with IEC Publication 62271-100.

7.2 The circuit breakers will be stationary mounted and type tested. Test certificates available after receipt of purchase order.

7.3 The high-voltage portion of the circuit breaker will be maintenance free for the lifetime of the equipment when operated within normal service conditions.

7.4 The circuit breaker drive mechanism shall be accessible for maintenance.

7.5 Each circuit breaker shall include:

7.5.1 A stored-energy spring mechanism for motor charging and emergency manual operation.

7.5.2 Mechanical push buttons for closing and opening.

7.5.3 Mechanical indicators for switch position and circuit breaker operating mechanism position.

7.5.4 Circuit breaker operations counter.

7.5.5 Shunt release off.

7.5.6 Shunt release on.

7.5.7 Switch position wear-and-tear free proximity sensors.

8.0 Isolators and Earthing Switches

8.1 Isolators and earthing switches shall be motor operated with emergency manual operation capability.

8.2 The earthing position for all three phases must be visible through camera, laptop or monitor display located on the front door.

9.0 Instrument Transformers

9.1 Current transformers may be single or multi-ratio type with taps

9.2 Zero-sequence current transformers suitable for outdoor environments may be located below the switchgear assembly.

9.3 Voltage transformers shall be equipped with primary fuses and protected on the secondary side with molded case circuit breakers.
10.0 Cable Compartment and Cable Terminations
10.1 The primary cable compartment shall contain cable sockets accessible for the connection of the power cables with the related cable termination plugs.
10.2 Power cables and terminations must be done in accordance DIN EN 50180/1 and be inner cone type sizes 2, 3 or 4 with a touch-proof system.

11.0 Interlocking
11.1 Limit position blocking of the switching devices.
11.2 Interdependence of the disconnector and earthing switch in the same section.
11.3 Interdependence of the disconnector and circuit breaker in the same section.
11.4 Interdependence of the circuit breaker and the earthing switch in the same section.
11.5 Dependence of the disconnector on the bus coupler circuit breaker and vice versa.

12.0 Accessories
12.1 Handle for disconnector mechanism.
12.2 Handle for earthing switch mechanism.
12.3 Hand crank for circuit breaker manual charge.
12.4 Padlockable pushbutton cover for disconnector, earthing switch and circuit breaker operating pushbuttons.

13.0 Inspection and Production Testing
13.1 Component bill of material shall be checked for proper quantity, description, and part number.
13.2 Physical dimensions shall be checked against approved drawings.
13.3 Equipment shall be subjected to a primary current injection procedure to determine proper operation of all current sensitive components.
13.4 Equipment shall be subjected to a primary voltage injection procedure to determine proper operation of all voltage sensitive components.
13.5 Complete assembly shall have a low frequency withstand (an AC high potential) test performed to assure insulation system integrity.
13.6 Each gas filled module shall have a gas tank integrity test.
13.7 Manufacturer shall have in place a system of recording, correcting, and verifying resolution of discrepancies discovered during the inspection and testing process.
13.8 Certified production test reports indicating satisfactory completion of all inspection procedures shall be available upon request.
13.9 Upon request the equipment shall be made available for customer inspection prior to shipment.
13.10 Test reports for design tests shall be available upon request.

14.0 Documentation
14.1 Drawings
14.1.1 Prior to fabrication the following drawings shall be submitted by the manufacturer for approval.
14.1.1.1 Front elevation view.
14.1.1.2 Base plan including mounting details, cable entry area, and door swing requirements.
14.1.1.3 Cross section view of each different section.
14.1.1.4 Three line diagram.
14.1.1.5 Component bill of material indicating quantity, description, and part number.
14.1.1.6 Control or schematic diagram for each different unit.
14.1.2 Following the return of approval drawings the manufacturer shall prepare and submit wiring diagrams indicating physical location of secondary control components and the appropriate wiring connections. Each control wire will be labeled. Copies of these drawings shall be submitted to the customer, upon completion, for record.
14.1.3 After the return of approval drawings or after any change made to previously approved drawings, the manufacturer shall submit a record copy of any and all drawings that contained revisions.
14.1.4 After completion of the inspection and testing procedures the manufacturer shall submit a complete set of “as built” drawings. These drawings shall function...
GUIDE SPECIFICATION (cont.)

as a record of the final construction of the equipment at the time it left the factory.

14.1.5 Drawings may be provided in any of the following forms as requested by the customer:

14.1.5.1 Full size plotted reproducible drawings size as required. “D size” measuring approximately 34” x 22”, “C size” measuring approximately 22” x 17”, “B size” measuring approximately 17” x 11”, or “A size” measuring approximately 11” x 8½”.

14.1.5.2 Digital files in the latest version of Autodesk AutoCAD.

14.1.5.3 Digital file format may be dwf, pdf, dgn, or dwg as specified.

14.1.6 Each drawing prepared by manufacturer shall show, at a minimum, the name, jobsite location, purchase order or contract number, and equipment identification number in addition to any information required by manufacturer.

14.2 Operating and Maintenance Manuals

14.2.1 At time of shipment the manufacturer shall provide a copy of the operating and maintenance instructions for all major components contained in the switchgear assembly.

14.2.2 Manuals shall contain a table of contents to allow for easy reference.

14.2.3 Operating and maintenance manual will be provided as pdf files on a CD for easy reference.

14.3 Spare Parts List

14.3.1 Upon completion of the engineering phase, a quotation for one (1) year’s recommended spare parts shall be submitted.